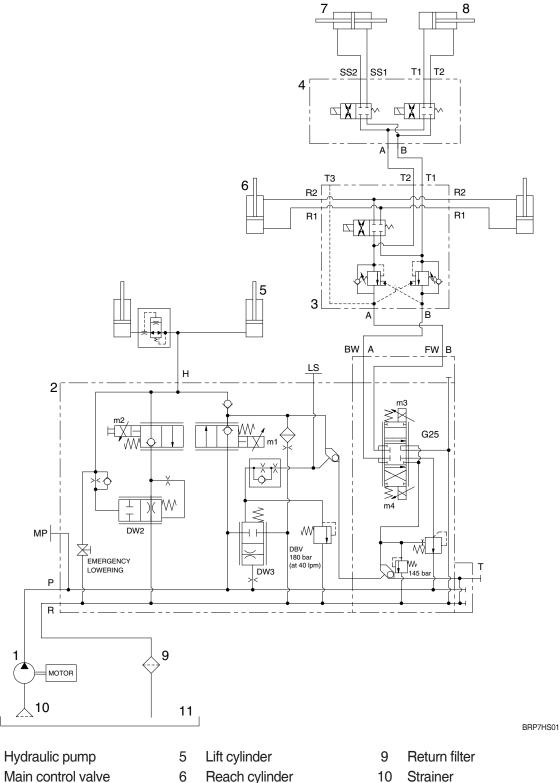
Group	1	Structure and function	6-1
Group	2	Operational checks and troubleshooting	6-17
Group	3	Disassembly and assembly	6-21

SECTION 6 HYDRAULIC SYSTEM

GROUP 1 STRUCTURE AND FUNCTION

1. HYDRAULIC CIRCUIT

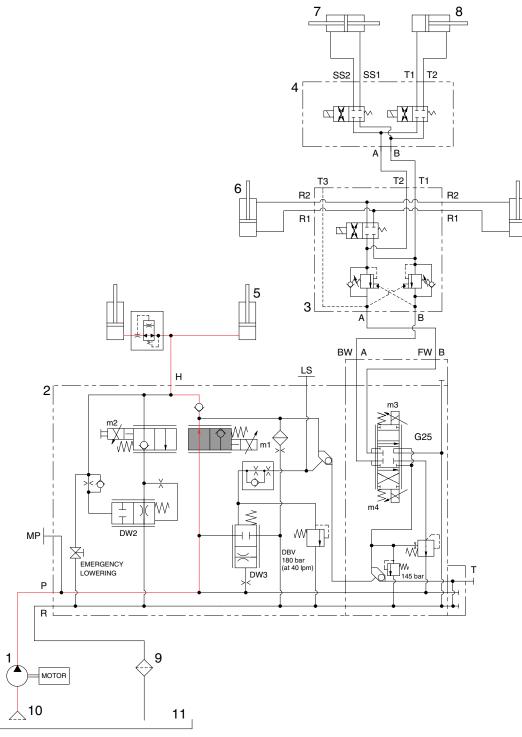


2 Main control valve

1

- 3 Reach manifold
- 4 Tilt / side shift manifold
- Reach cylinder
- 7 Side shift cylinder 8
 - Tilt cylinder
- Strainer 10
- Hydraulic oil tank 11
- * The circuit diagram may differ from the equipment, so please check before a repair.

1) WHEN THE JOYSTICK IS IN THE LIFT POSITION



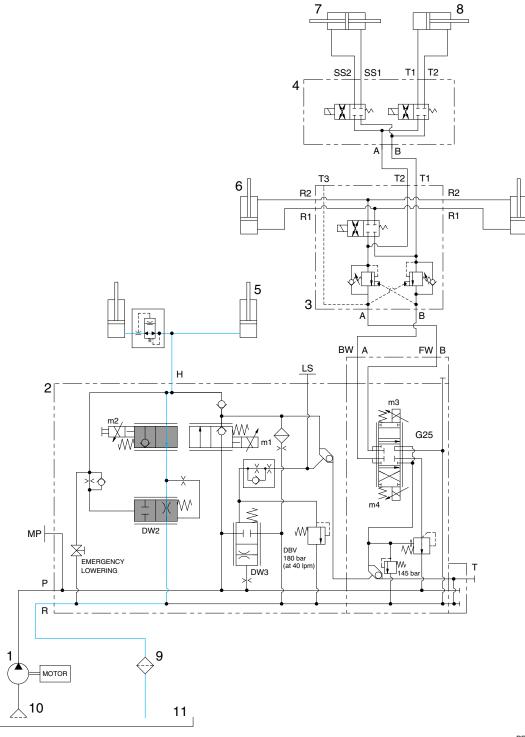
BRP7HS02

When the joystick is pulled backward, the m1 valve in the lift block is moves to open position. The oil from hydraulic gear pump (1) flows into main control valve (2) and then goes to the large chamber of lift cylinder (5).

The air of the small chamber of lift cylinder (5) is compressed at the same time. When this happens, the forks go up.

* The circuit diagram may differ from the equipment, so please check before a repair.

2) WHEN THE JOYSTICK IS IN THE LOWER POSITION

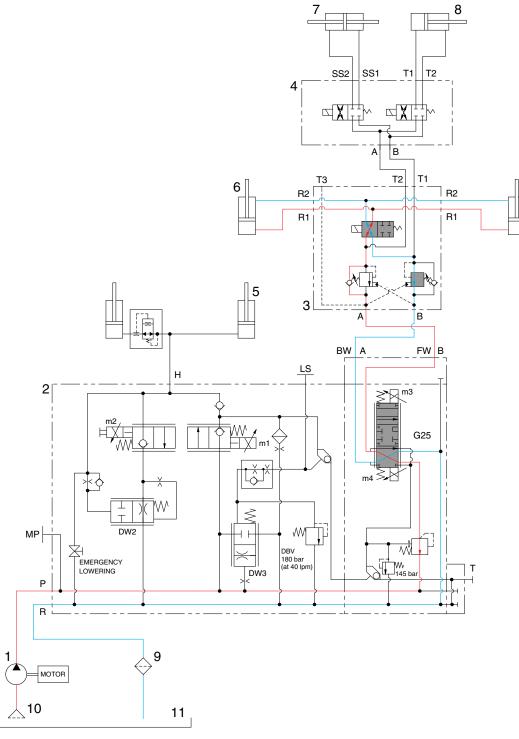


BRP7HS03

When the joystick is pushed forward, the m2 valve in the lift block is moved to open position. The work port (H) and the large chamber are connected to the return passage, so the lift will be lowered due to its own weight.

^{*} The circuit diagram may differ from the equipment, so please check before a repair.

3) WHEN THE BUTTON ON THE JOYSTICK IS PUSHED FOR THE REACH OUT POSITION



BRP7HS05

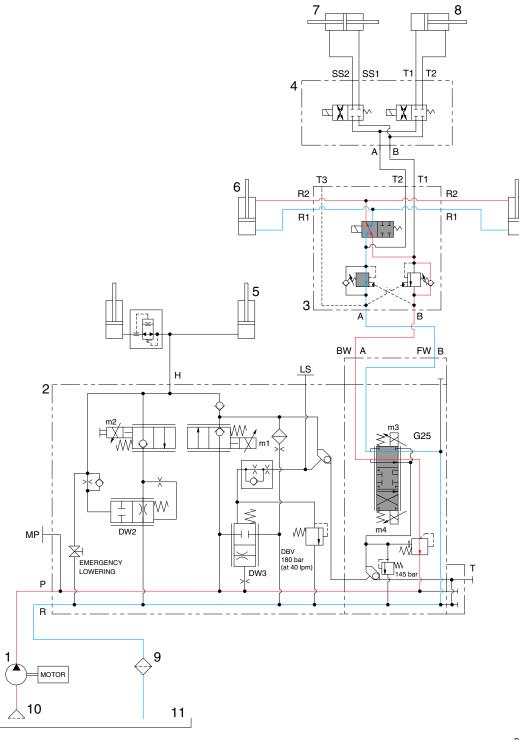
When the button on the joystick is pushed upward, the spool in the tilt block is moved to reach out position.

The oil from hydraulic gear pump (1) flows into main control valve (2) and then goes to the large chamber of reach cylinder (6).

The oil at the small chamber of reach cylinder (6) returns to hydraulic oil tank (11) at the same time. When this happens, the mast reaches out.

* The circuit diagram may differ from the equipment, so please check before a repair.

4) WHEN THE BUTTON ON THE JOYSTICK IS PUSHED FOR THE REACH IN POSITION



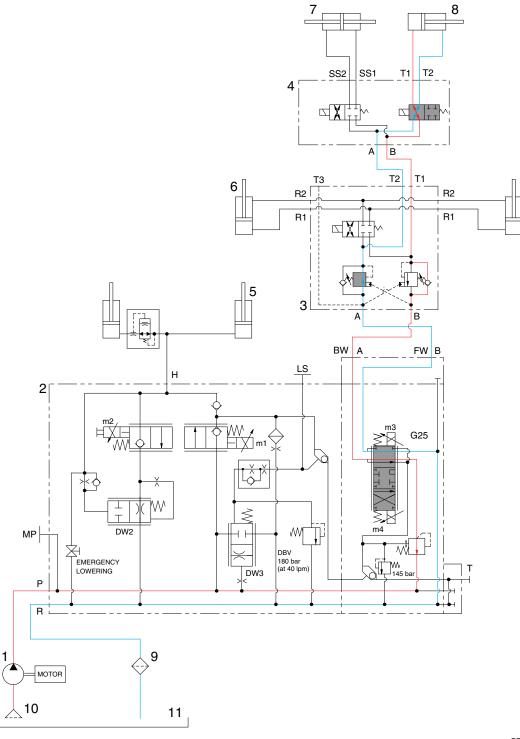
BRP7HS04

When the button on the joystick is pushed downward, the spool in the tilt block is moved to reach in position.

The oil from hydraulic gear pump (1) flows into main control valve (2) and then goes to the small chamber of reach cylinder (6).

The oil at the large chamber of reach cylinder (6) returns to hydraulic oil tank (11) at the same time. When this happens, the mast reaches in.

* The circuit diagram may differ from the equipment, so please check before a repair.



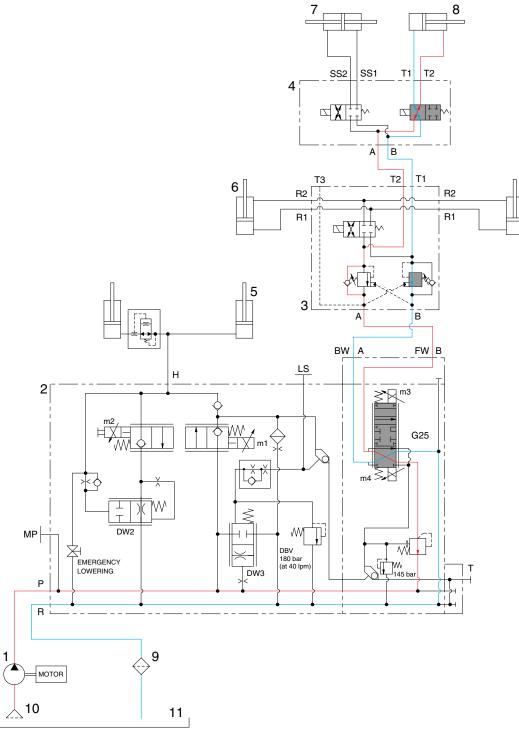
BRP7HS06

When the joystick is pulled during pressing the tilt button, the spool in the tilt block is moved to tilt backward position.

The oil from hydraulic gear pump (1) flows into main control valve (2) and then goes to the large chamber of tilt cylinder (8).

The oil at the small chamber of tilt cylinder (8) returns to hydraulic oil tank (11) at the same time.

^{*} The circuit diagram may differ from the equipment, so please check before a repair.



BRP7HS07

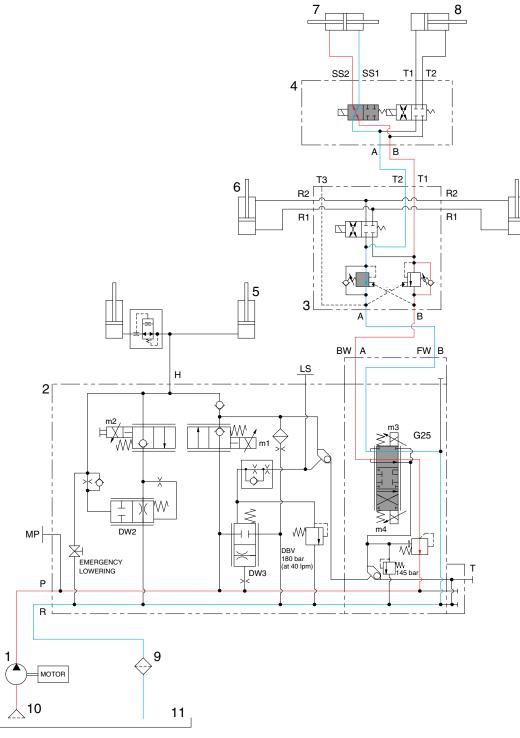
When the joystick is pushed forward during pressing the tilt button, the spool in the tilt block is moved to tilt forward position.

The oil from hydraulic gear pump (1) flows into main control valve (2) and then goes to the small chamber of tilt cylinder (8).

The oil at the large chamber of tilt cylinder (8) returns to hydraulic oil tank (11) at the same time.

^{*} The circuit diagram may differ from the equipment, so please check before a repair.

7) WHEN THE JOYSTICK IS IN THE RIGHT POSITION FOR THE SIDE SHIFT MOVEMENT



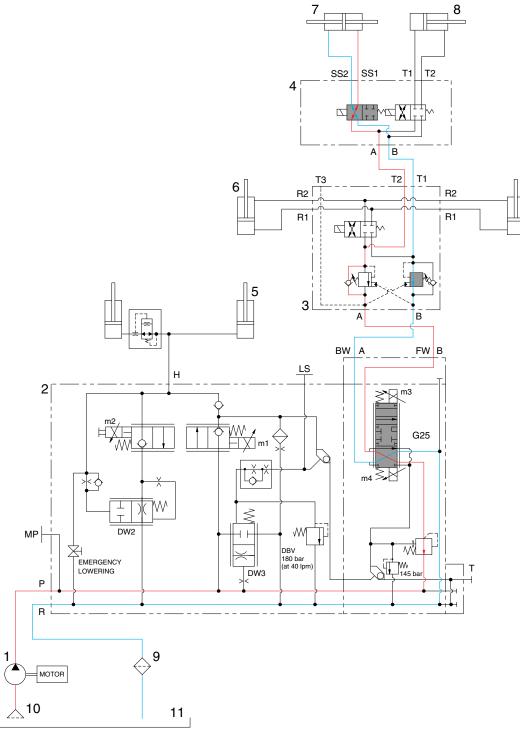
BRP7HS08

When the joystick is pulled backward during pressing the side shift button, the spool in the tilt block is moved to side shift right position.

The oil from hydraulic gear pump (1) flows into main control valve (2) and then goes to the large chamber of side shift cylinder (7).

The oil at the small chamber of side shift cylinder (7) returns to hydraulic oil tank (11) at the same time.

* The circuit diagram may differ from the equipment, so please check before a repair.



BRP7HS09

When the joystick is pushed forward during pressing the side shift button, the spool in the tilt block is moved to side shift left position.

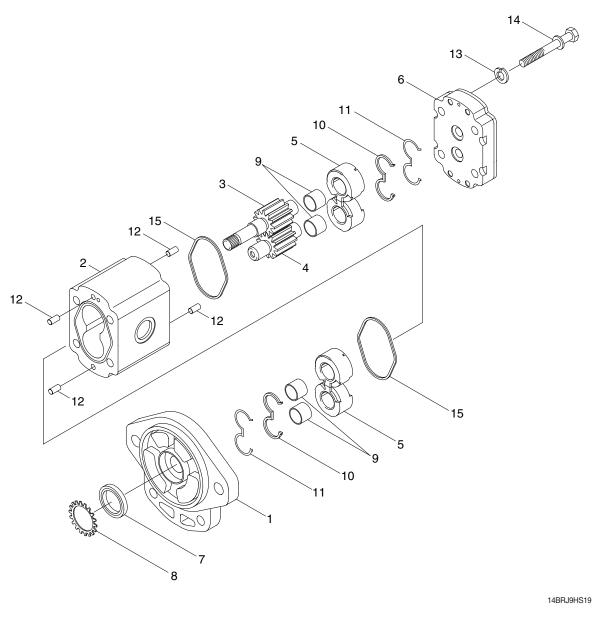
The oil from hydraulic gear pump (1) flows into main control valve (2) and then goes to the large chamber of side shift cylinder (7).

The oil at the small chamber of side shift cylinder (7) returns to hydraulic oil tank (11) at the same time.

* The circuit diagram may differ from the equipment, so please check before a repair.

2. HYDRAULIC GEAR PUMP

1) STRUCTURE



1 Housing Body

Drive gear

Idle gear

Side plate

2

3

4

5

- 6
- Rear cover 7 oil seal
 - 8 Snap ring
 - 9 DU bush
 - 10 E-seal

- 11 E-backup ring
- 12 Pin
- Washer 13
- Hex bolt 14
- 15 O-ring

2) OPERATION

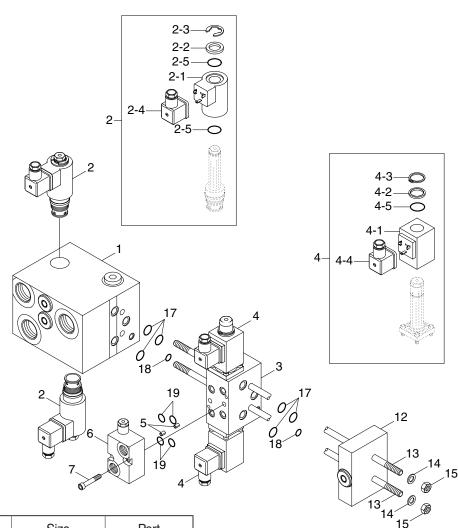
This pump comprises of an rear cover, a body, bushings and a housing bolted together with bolts. The gear journals are supported in side plate within pressure balanced bushings to give high volumetric and mechanical efficiencies.

3. MAIN CONTROL VALVE

1) STRUCTURE (2 Spool)

Machine serial number

15BRP : -#0089, 18BRP : -#0055, 20BRP : -#0066, 23BRP :- #0049



Port name	Size	Port
Inlet port	1 1/16-12UN	Р
Outlet port	1 1/16-12UN	R
Work port	1 1/16-12UN	Н
Work port	9/16-18 UNF	A, B

- 1 Main block
- 2 Solenoid valve (Lift)
- 2-1 EVI coil
- 2-2 Washer
- 2-3 Lock washer
- 2-4 Black plug
- 2-5 O-ring
- 3 Tilt block

- 4 Solenoid valve
- 4-1 Coil
- 4-2 Disc
- 4-3 Circlip
- 4-4 Black plug
- 4-5 O-ring
- 5 Roll pin
- 6 Adapter

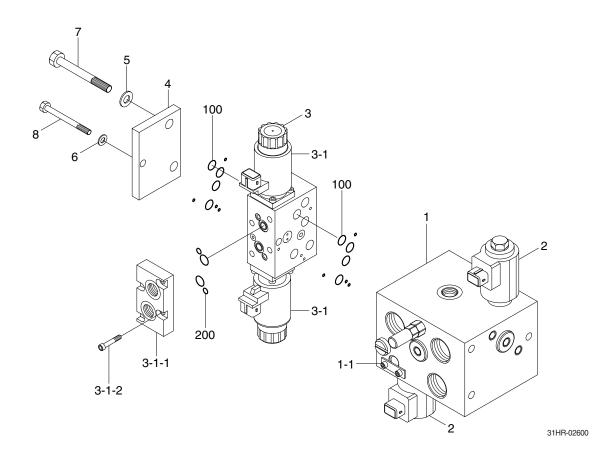
7 Head screw

BRP7HS12

- 12 End block
- 13 Tension rod
- 14 Shape washer
- 15 Hexagon nut
- 17 O-ring
- 18 O-ring
- 19 O-ring

Machine serial number

15BRP : #0090-, 18BRP : #0056-, 20BRP : #0067-, 23BRP : #0050-



- 1 Main b lock
- 1-1 Emergency drain
- 2 EPM 31
- 3 EDL 2
- 3-1 Coil

- 3-1-1 Ancillary block
- 3-1-2 Socket head screw
 - 4 End plate
 - 5 Washer
 - 6 Washer

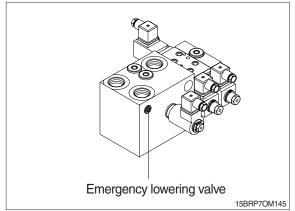
- 7 Socket head screw
- 8 Socket head screw
- 100 Section seal kit
- 200 Ancillary block seal kit

2) EMERGENCY LOWERING

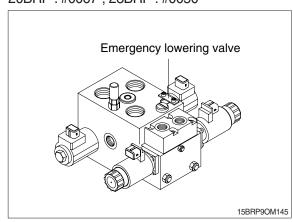
In case of the mast cannot be lowered due to a problem in the controller, active the emergency lowering valve on the valve block with hexagonal wrench.

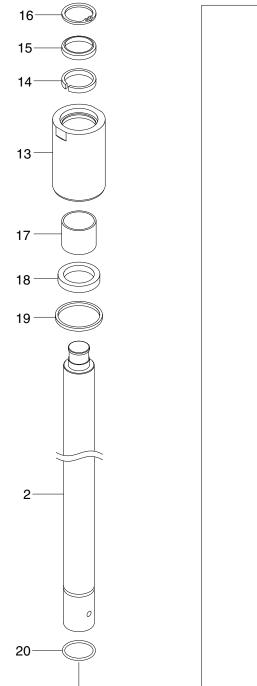
- (1) Turn off the electric emergency switch.
- (2) Open the lowering valve using the 5mm hexagonal wrench. Slowly lower the mast and the load carriage.
- (3) After lowering, close the emergency lowering valve.

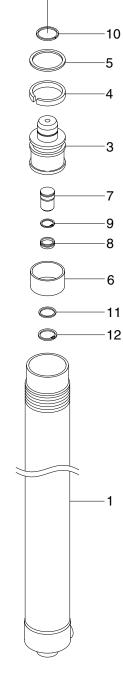
Machine serial number 15BRP : -#0089, 18BRP : -#0055, 20BRP : -#0066, 23BRP :- #0049



Machine serial number 15BRP : #0090-, 18BRP : #0056-, 20BRP : #0067-, 23BRP : #0050-







1 Tube assy

- 2 Rod
- 3 Piston
- 4 U-packing
- 5 Back up ring
- 6 Wear ring
- 7 Check valve

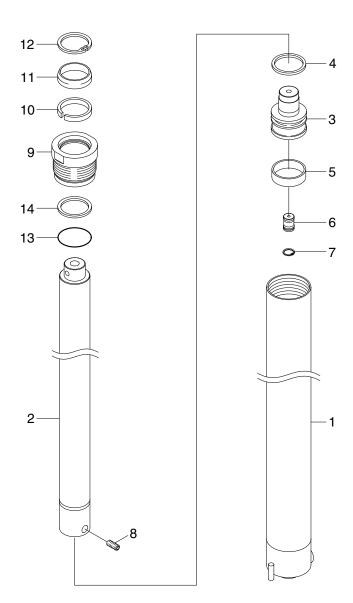
- 8 Spacer
- 9 Retaining ring
- 10 Stop ring
- 11 Cushion seal
- Retaining ring
 Rod cover
- 14 U-packing

15 Dust wiper

BRP9HS21

- 16 Retaining ring
- 17 Rod bushing
- 18 Spacer
- 19 O-ring
- 20 Stop ring
- 6-13

5. FREE LIFT CYLINDER



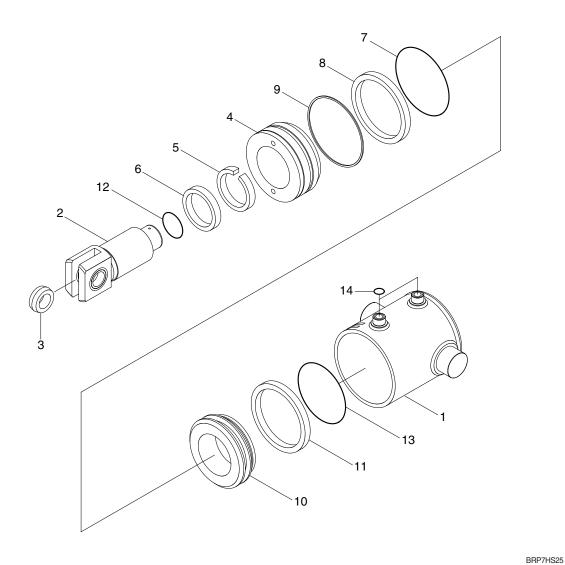
BRP9HS23

- 1 Tube assy
- 2 Rod
- 3 Piston
- 4 Piston seal
- 5 Wear ring

- 6 Check valve
- 7 Retaining ring
- 8 Set screw
- 9 Rod cover
- 10 U-packing

- 11 Dust wiper
- 12 Retaining ring
- 13 O-ring
- 14 Back up ring

6. TILT CYLINDER

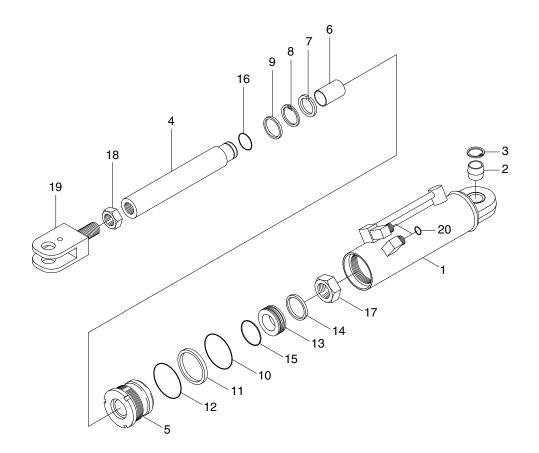


- 1 Tube assy
- 2 Rod
- 3 Bushing
- 4 Rod cover
- 5 U-packing

- 6 Dust wiper
- 7 O-ring
- 8 Back up ring
- 9 Locking wire
- 10 Piston

- 11 Piston seal
- 12 O-ring
- 13 Locking ring
- 14 O-ring

7. REACH CYLINDER



BRP7HS27

- 1 Tube assy
- 2 Spherical bearing
- 3 Retaining ring
- 4 Rod
- 5 Rod cover
- 6 Bushing
- 7 U-packing

- 8 Back up ring
- 9 Dust wiper
- 10 O-ring
- 11 Back up ring
- 12 O-ring
- 13 Piston
- 14 Piston seal

- 15 Wear ring
- 16 O-ring
- 17 Nylon nut
- 18 Hex nut
- 19 Eye
- 20 O-ring

GROUP 2 OPERATIONAL CHECKS AND TROUBLESHOOTING

1. OPERATIONAL CHECKS

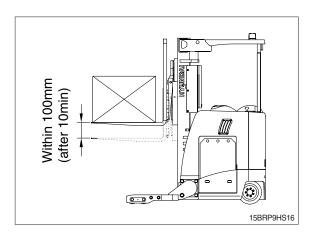
1) CHECK ITEM

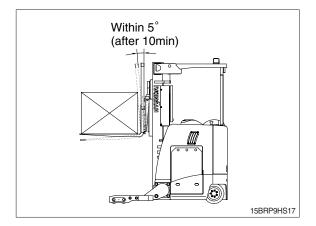
- Check visually for deformation, cracks or damage of rod.
- (2) Load maximum load, set mast vertical and raise 1m from ground. Wait for 10 minutes and measure hydraulic drift (amount forks move down and amount mast tilts forward).
 - · Hydraulic drift
 - Down (Downward movement of forks) : Within 100 mm (3.9 in)
 - Forward (Extension of tilt cylinder) : Within 5°

If the hydraulic drift is more than the specified value, replace the control valve or cylinder packing.

(3) Check that clearance between tilt cylinder bushing and mounting pin is within standard range. mm (in)

Standard Under 0.6 (0.02)





2) HYDRAULIC OIL

- (1) Check the hydraulic oil level, and fill oil if necessary.
- (2) When changing hydraulic oil, clean suction strainer (screwed into outlet port pipe) and return filter (screwed into inlet pipe). Return filter uses paper element, so replace periodically (2000 hours).

High Low

3) CONTROL VALVE

(1) Raise forks to maximum height and measure oil pressure.

Check that oil pressure is 180 kgf/cm². (2560psi)

2. TROUBLESHOOTING

1) SYSTEM

Problem	Cause	Remedy
Large fork lowering speed	· Seal inside control valve defective.	· Replace spool or valve body.
	· Oil leaks from joint or hose.	· Replace.
	· Seal inside cylinder defective.	· Replace packing.
Large spontaneous tilt of	· Tilting backward : Check valve defective.	· Clean or replace.
mast	\cdot Tilting forward : tilt lock valve defective.	· Clean or replace.
	· Oil leaks from joint or hose.	· Replace.
	· Seal inside cylinder defective.	· Replace seal.
Slow fork lifting or slow	· Lack of hydraulic oil.	· Add oil.
mast tilting	· Hydraulic oil mixed with air.	· Bleed air.
	· Oil leaks from joint or hose.	· Replace.
	· Excessive restriction of oil flow on	· Clean filter.
	pump suction side.	
	\cdot Relief valve fails to keep specified	· Adjust relief valve.
	pressure.	
	 Poor sealing inside cylinder. 	· Replace packing.
	 High hydraulic oil viscosity. 	· Change to ISO VG 46.
	\cdot Mast fails to move smoothly.	· Adjust roll to rail clearance.
	\cdot Oil leaks from lift control valve spool.	· Replace spool or valve body.
	\cdot Oil leaks from tilt control valve spool.	· Replace spool or valve body.
Hydraulic system makes	· Excessive restriction of oil flow pump	· Clean filter.
abnormal sounds	suction side.	
	\cdot Gear or bearing in hydraulic pump	· Replace gear or bearing.
	defective.	
Control valve lever is	· Foreign matter jammed between spool	· Clean.
locked	and valve body.	
	· Valve body defective.	· Tighten body mounting bolts uniformly.
High oil temperature	· Lack of hydraulic oil.	· Add oil.
-	· High oil viscosity.	· Change to ISO VG46.
	· Oil filter clogged.	· Clean filter.

2) HYDRAULIC GEAR PUMP

Problem	Cause	Remedy
Pump does not develop	· System relief valve set too low or	· Check system relief valve for proper
full pressure	leaking. setting.	
	· Oil viscosity too low.	· Change to proper viscosity oil.
	· Pump is worn out.	· Repair or replace pump.
Pump will not pump oil	· Reservoir low or empty.	· Fill reservoir to proper level.
	· Suction strainer clogged.	· Clean suction strainer.
Noisy pump caused by	· Oil too thick.	· Change to proper viscosity.
cavitation	· Oil filter plugged.	· Clean filters.
	· Suction line plugged or too small.	· Clean line and check for proper size.
Oil heating	· Oil supply low.	· Fill reservoir to proper level.
	· Contaminated oil.	· Drain reservoir and refill with clean oil.
	\cdot Setting of relief valve too high or too	· Set to correct pressure.
	low.	
	· Oil viscosity too low.	· Drain reservoir and fill with proper
		viscosity.
Foaming oil	· Low oil level.	· Fill reservoir to proper level.
	· Air leaking into suction line.	· Tighten fittings, check condition of line.
	· Wrong kind of oil.	\cdot Drain reservoir, fill with non-foaming oil.
Shaft seal leakage	· Worn shaft seal.	· Replace shaft seal.
	\cdot Worn shaft in seal area.	\cdot Replace drive shaft and seal.

3) MAIN RELIEF VALVE

Problem	Cause	Remedy
Can't get pressure	 Poppet D, E or K stuck open or contamination under seat. 	 Check for foreign matter between poppets D, E or K and their mating parts. Parts must slide freely.
Erratic pressure	 Pilot poppet seat damaged. Poppet C sticking in D. 	Replace the relief valve. Clean and remove surface marks for free movement.
Pressure setting not correct	Normal wear. Lock nut & adjust screw loose.	· See *Test of main control valve.
Leaks	Damaged seats. Worn O-rings. Parts sticking due to contamination.	 Replace the relief valve. Install seal and spring kit. Disassemble and clean.

★ A good pressure gauge must be installed in the line which is in communication with the main relief. A load must be applied in a manner to reach the set pressure of the main relief unit. Then, follow these steps:

- · Loosen lock nut.
- · Set adjusting nut to desired pressure setting.
- · If desired pressure setting cannot be achieved, tighten or loosen the adjusting screw as required.
- · Tighten lock nut.
- · Retest in similar manner as above.

4) LIFT CYLINDER

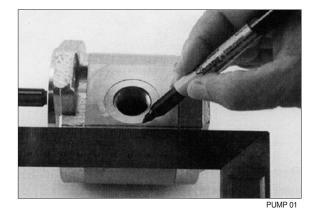
Problem	Cause	Remedy	
Oil leaks out from rod cover	· Foreign matters on packing.	· Replace packing.	
through rod	· Unallowable score on rod.	· Smooth rod surface with an oil stone.	
	· Unusual distortion of dust seal.	· Replace dust seal.	
	· Chrome plating is striped.	· Replace rod.	
Oil leaks out from cylinder rod cover thread	· O-ring damaged.	· Replace O-ring.	
Rod spontaneously retract	· Scores on inner surface of tube.	· Smooth rod surface with an oil stone.	
	· Unallowable score on the inner	· Replace cylinder tube.	
	suface of tube.		
	· Foreign matters in piston seal.	· Replace piston seal.	
Wear (clearance between	· Excessive clearance between	· Replace wear ring.	
cylinder tube and wear ring)	cylinder tube and wear ring.		
Abnormal noise is produced	· Insufficient lubrication of anchor pin or	· Lubricate or replace.	
during tilting operation	worn bushing and pin.		
	· Bent tilt cylinder rod.	· Replace.	

GROUP 3 DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY

1. HYDRAULIC GEAR PUMP

% Tools required

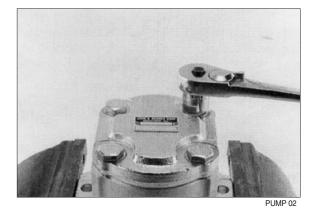
- · Metric socket set
- · Internal snap ring pliers
- \cdot Shaft seal sleeve
- \cdot Torque wrench
- It is very important to work in a clean work area when repairing hydraulic products.
 Plug ports and wash exterior of pump with a proper cleaning solvent before continuing.
- (2) Remove port plugs and drain oil from pump.
- (3) Use a permanent marker pen to mark a line across the mounting flange, gear housing and end cover. This will assure proper reassembly and rotation of pump.
- (4) Remove key from drive shaft if applicable.



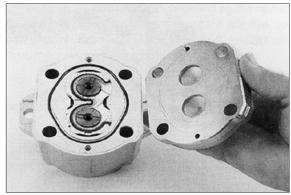
Cla(5)p mounting flange in a protected jaw vise with pump shaft facing down.

Loosen the four metric hexagon head bolts.

Remove pump from vise and place on clean wo(k) bench, remove the four hexagon head bolts and spacers applicable.



(8) Lift and remove end cover.



PUMP 03

(9) Carefully remove gear housing and place on work bench. Make sure the rear bearing block remains on the drive and idler shafts.

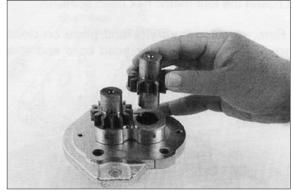
(10) Remove rear bearing block from drive and idler shafts.



PUMP 05

PUMP 04

(11) Remove idler shaft from bearing block.



Re(fi2) ve drive shaft from mounting flange. There is no need to protect the shaft seal as it will be replaced as a new item.

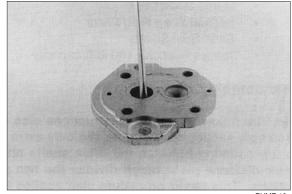
- (13) Remove the front bearing block.

PUMP 08

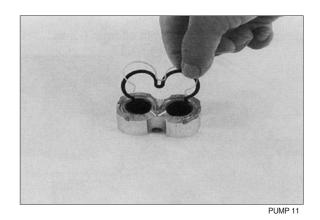
- (14) Turn mounting flange over, with shaft seal up, and remove the retaining ring with proper snap ring pliers.

PUMP 09

- (15) Remove the oil seal from mounting flange, be careful not to mar or scratch the seal bore.
- (16) Remove the dowel pins from the gear housing. Do not lose pins.

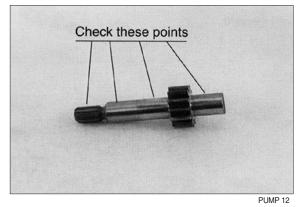


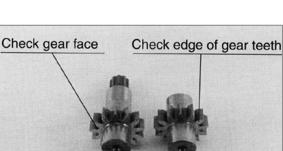
(17) Remove seals from both bearing blocks and discard.



2) INSPECT PARTS FOR WEAR

- Clean and dry all parts thoroughly prior to inspection. It is not necessary to inspect the seals as they will be replaced as new items.
- (2) Check drive shaft spline for twisted or broken teeth, check keyed drive shaft for broken or chipped keyway. No marks or grooves on shaft in seal area, some discoloration of shaft is allowable.
- (3) Inspect both the drive gear shaft and idler gear shafts at the bearing points and seal area for rough surfaces and excessive wear.
- (4) Inspect gear face for scoring or excessive wear. If the face edge of gear teeth are sharp, they will mill into the bearing blocks. If wear has occurred, the parts are unusable.



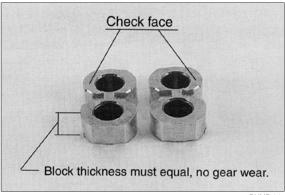


- (5) Inspect bearing blocks for excessive wear or scoring on the surfaces which are in contact with the gears. Also inspect the bearings for excessive wear or scoring.
- (6) Inspect the area inside the gear housing. It is normal for the surface inside the gear housing to show a clean "wipe" on the inside surface on the intake side. There should not be excessive wear or deep scratches and gouges.

* General information

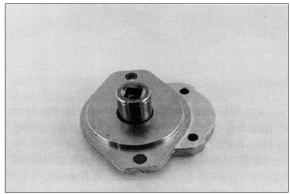
It is important that the relationship of the mounting flange, bearing blocks and gear housing is correct. Failure to properly assemble this pump will result with little or no flow at rated pressure.

* This pump is not bi-rotational.

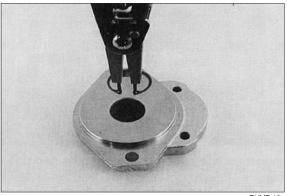


3) ASSEMBLY

- * New seals should be installed upon reassembly of pump.
- Install new shaft seal in mounting flange with part number side facing outboard. Press the seal into the seal bore until the seal reaches the bottom of the bore. Uniform pressure must be used to prevent misalignment or damage to the seal.
- (2) Install retaining ring in groove in seal bore of mounting flange.

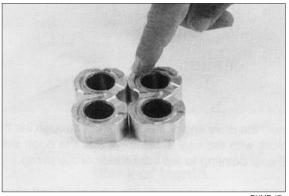


PUMP 15



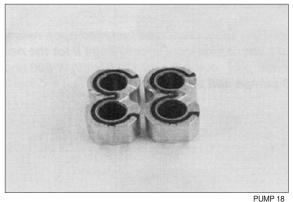
PUMP 16

(3) Place front and back bearing blocks on a clean surface with the E-seal grooves facing up. Apply a light coating of petroleum jelly in the grooves. Also coat the E-seal and backup with the petroleum jelly, this will help keep the seals in place during assembly.



PUMP 17

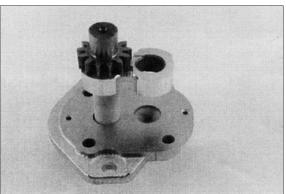
- (4) Place the E-seals, flat side outward, into the grooves in both bearing blocks. Follow by carefully placing the backup ring, flat side outward, in the groove made by the E-seal and the groove in the bearing block.
- (5) Place mounting flange, with shaft seal side down, on a clean flat surface.
- (6) Apply a light coating of petroleum jelly to the exposed face of the front bearing block.



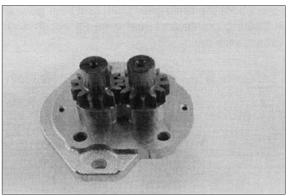
Ins(7) the drive end of the drive shaft through the bearing block with the seal side down, and the open side of the E-seal pointing to the intake side of the pump.

Install the seal sleeve over the drive shaft and careauly slide the drive shaft through the shaft seal. Remove the seal sleeve from shaft.

(9) Install the idler gear shaft in the remaining position in the bearing block. Apply a light coat of clean oil to the face of the drive and idler gears.

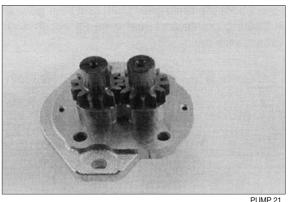


PUMP 19



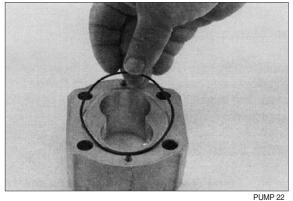
PUMP 20

- (10) Pick up the rear bearing block, with seal side up and with open end of the E-seal facing the intake side of the pump, place over the drive and idler gear shafts.
- (11) Install two dowel pins in the holes in the mounting flange or two long dowel pins through gear housing if pump is a multiple section pump.

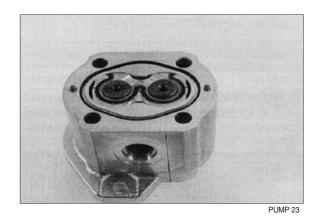


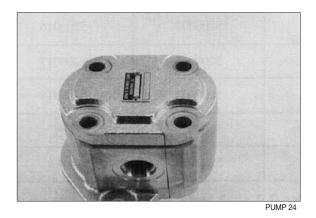
(12) To install the O-rings in the gear housing, apply a light coating of petroleum jelly in the grooves on both sides of the gear housing.

Also coat the new O-ring and install them in the grooves.

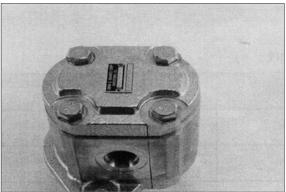


- (13) Gently slide the gear housing over the rear bearing block assembly, slide housing down until the housing engages the dowel pins. Press firmly in place with hands, do not force or use any tool.
 Check to make sure the intake port in the housing in on the same side as the open end of the E-seal and that the marked lines on the mounting flange and gear housing are in alignment.
- (14) The surface of the rear bearing block should be slightly below the face of the gear housing. If the bearing block sits higher then the rear face of the gear housing then the E-seal or O-ring have shifted out of the groove. If this is the case, remove the gear housing and check for proper seal installation.
- (15) Install the two remaining dowel pins in the rear of the gear housing and place the end cover over the back of the pump.

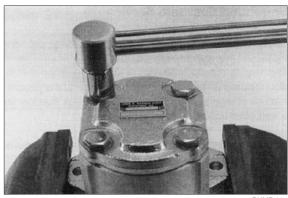




(16) Install the four spacers and hexagon head bolts through the bolt holes in the end cover, hand tighten.



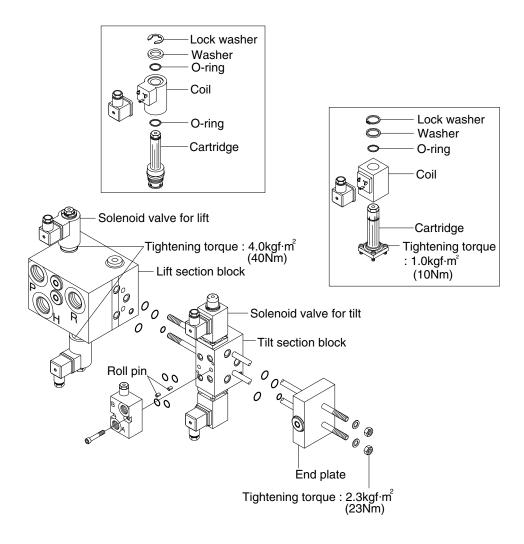
- (17) Place mounting flange of the pump back in the protected jawed vise and alternately torque the bolts.
 - \cdot Tighten torque : 6~7 kgf \cdot m (43.4~50.6 lbf \cdot ft)
- (18) Remove pump from vise.
- (19) Place a small amount of clean oil in the inlet of the pump and rotate the drive shaft away from the inlet one revolution. If the drive shaft binds, disassemble the pump and check for assembly problems, then reassemble the pump.



PUMP 26

2. MAIN CONTROL VALVE

Machine serial number 15BRP : -#0089, 18BRP : -#0055, 20BRP : -#0066, 23BRP :- #0049



BRP7HS13

1) ASSEMBLY INSTRUCTION

(1) General

Ensure that the assembly area will be clean and free of contamination.
 Use a flat (within 0.5 mm) work surface when bolting the valve sections together.
 Use calibrated torque wrenches and instrumentation.

(2) Block subassembly

- ① Attach all the O-ring to the appropriate grooves between the spool section.
- ② Stack the valve section as above picture on a flat surface.
- ③ Insert all the tie rod through the drilled holes in each of the housings.
- ④ Press the sections together being careful not to damage sealing surface or seals.
- ⑤ Install nuts to tie rod and progressively torque in a circular pattern until reaching a torque of 2.3 kgf ⋅ cm² (23 Nm) on all the rods.

(3) Lift block solenoid assembly

- 1 The solenoid is installed upper side and below side cavities in lift block. Torque to 4.1 kgf \cdot cm² (40 Nm)
- ② Install the O-ring, coil, O-ring and washer to the assembled cartridge.
- ③ Insert the lock washer to the groove of the cartridge.

(4) Tilt & Auxiliary section assembly

- \textcircled The solenoid is installed upper side and below side in tilt & auxiliary block with bolts. Torque to 1 kgf \cdot m (10 Nm)
- ② Install the coil, O-ring and washer to the assembled cartridge.
- ③ Insert the snap ring to the groove of the cartridge.
- ④ Insert the roll pin to the pin hole on the front side of each block.
- (5) Place the O-rings in the O-ring grooves.
- 6 Install the ancillary blocks to the each body with bolts.

2) DISASSEMBLY INSTRUCTION

(1) General

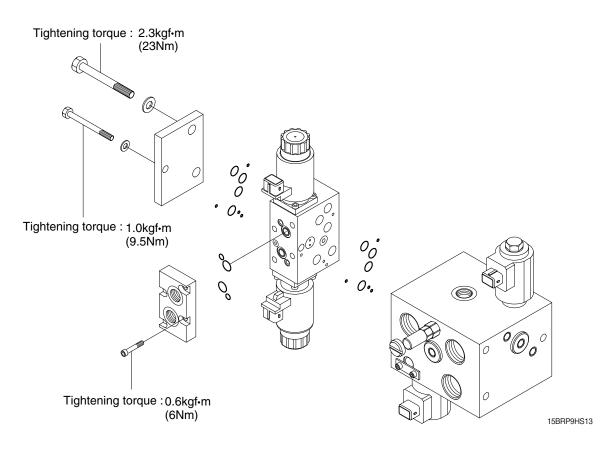
- ${\rm (I)}$ Disassemble the valve sections on the flat working surface.
- ② Ensure that the disassembly area will be clean and free of contamination.
- ③ Keep the disassembly area neat to avoid loss or damage of parts.

(2) Perform the assembly in reverse order

- ① Remove the solenoid valves and ancillary blocks from the main blocks.
- 2 Loosen the tie-rods from the valve section.
- ③ Remove the seals between valve section.
- ④ Valve components are precision items, and care must be taken when handling them to avoid damage or the introduction of contamination that could adversely affect performance.

Machine serial number

15BRP : #0090-, 18BRP : #0056-, 20BRP : #0067-, 23BRP : #0050-



1) ASSEMBLY INSTRUCTION

(1) General

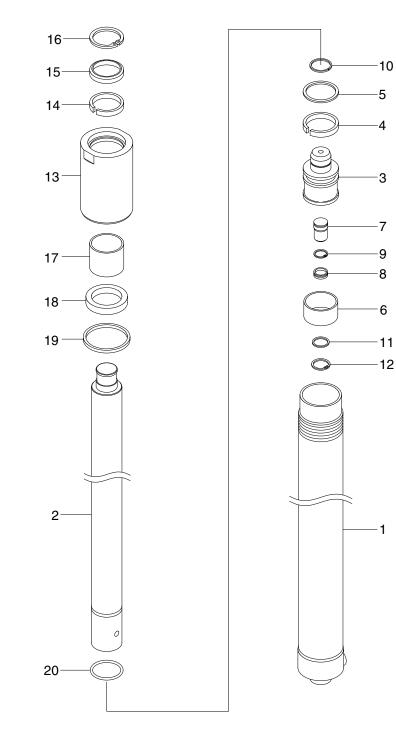
Ensure that the assembly area will be clean and free of contamination.
 Use a flat (within 0.5 mm) work surface when bolting the valve sections together.
 Use calibrated torque wrenches and instrumentation.

(2) Block subassembly

- 1 Attach all the O-ring to the appropriate grooves between the spool section.
- 0 Stack the valve section as above picture on a flat surface.
- 3 Insert all the tie rod through the drilled holes in each of the housings.
- ④ Press the sections together being careful not to damage sealing surface or seals.
- (5) Install nuts to tie rod and progressively torque in a circular pattern until reaching a torque of 2.3 kgf \cdot cm² (23 Nm) on all the rods.

3. LIFT CYLINDER

1) STRUCTURE



BRP9HS21

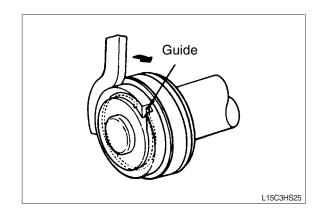
- 1 Tube assy
- 2 Rod
- 3 Piston
- 4 U-packing
- 5 Back up ring
- 6 Wear ring

- 7 Stop ring
- 8 Cushion seal
- 9 Retaining ring
- 10 Spacer
- 11 O-ring
- 12 Stopper

- 13 Rod bush
- 14 Rod cover
- 15 U-packing
- 16 Dust wiper
- 17 O-ring

2) DISASSEMBLY

(1) Hold the cylinder tube in a vice, loosen the cylinder head and remove it.
Remove the spacer from the cylinder tube and knock out the bushing. Hook a wrench in the hole in the retainer at the piston end and turn. Lever up the edge of the guide, then turn the guide in again and the guide can be removed.



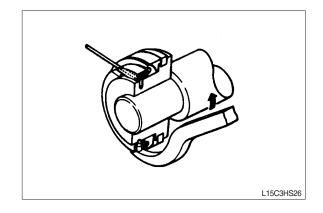
3) CHECK AND INSPECTION

Check item	Standard size	Repair limit	Remedy
Clearance between cylinder rod & bushing	0.072~0.288 (0.003~0.011)	0.5 (0.020)	Replace bushing
Clearance between piston ring & tube	0.05~0.030 (0.002~0.012)	0.5 (0.020)	Replace piston ring

4) ASSEMBLY

(1) Soak the piston ring in hydraulic oil at a temperature of 40 to 50°C, expand the inside diameter and assemble on the piston. Install a piston seal.

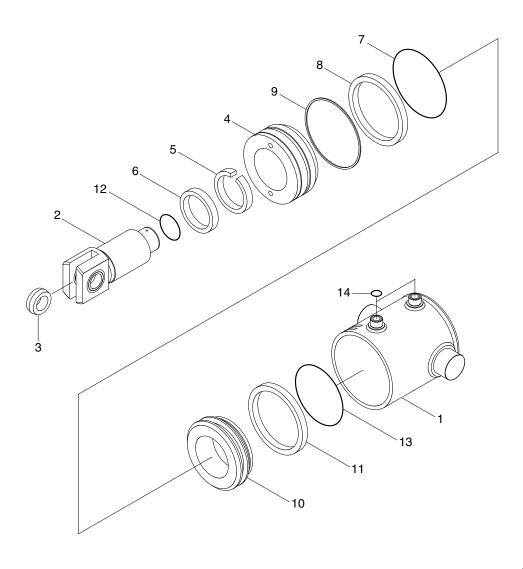
Bend the edge of the guide and rotate it to install the guide completely.



mm (in)

4. TILT CYLINDER

1) STRUCTURE



BRP7HS25

1 Tube assy	
-------------	--

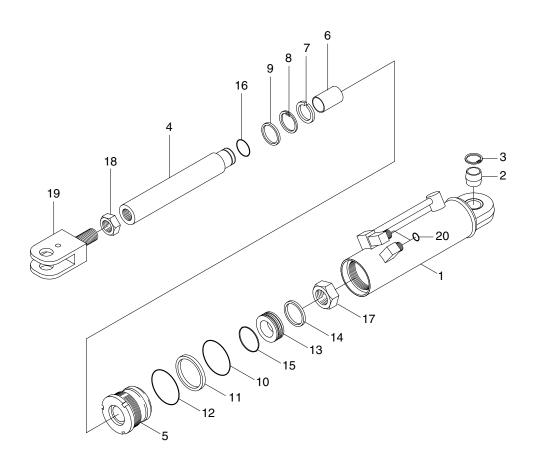
- 2 Rod
- 3 O-ring
- 4 Piston
- 5 Piston seal
- 6 Nylon nut
- 7 Gland
- 8 DU bushing
- 9 Rod seal
- 10 Dust wiper
- 11 O-ring
 12 O-ring
 13 O-ring

2) CHECK AND INSPECTION

Check item	Standard size	Repair limit	Remedy
Clearance between cylinder rod & bushing	0.072~0.288 (0.003~0.011)	0.5 (0.020)	Replace bushing
Clearance between rod head bushing & pin	0.10~0.35 (0.004~0.014)	0.6 (0.024)	Replace bushing

5. REACH CYLINDER

1) STRUCTURE



- 1 Tube assy
- 2 Spherical bearing
- 3 Retaining ring
- 4 Spherical bearing
- 5 Retaining ring
- 6 Rod assy

- 7 Rod cover
- 8 Rod bush
- 9 U-packing
- 10 Back up ring
- 11 Dust wiper
- 12 O-ring

13 Back up ring

BRP7HS27

- 14 O-ring
- 15 Piston
- 16 Piston seal
- 17 O-ring
- 18 Hex nut

2) CHECK AND INSPECTION

Check item	Standard size	Repair limit	Remedy
Clearance between cylinder rod & bushing	0.072~0.288 (0.003~0.011)	0.5 (0.020)	Replace bushing
Clearance between rod head bushing & pin	0.10~0.35 (0.004~0.014)	0.6 (0.024)	Replace bushing